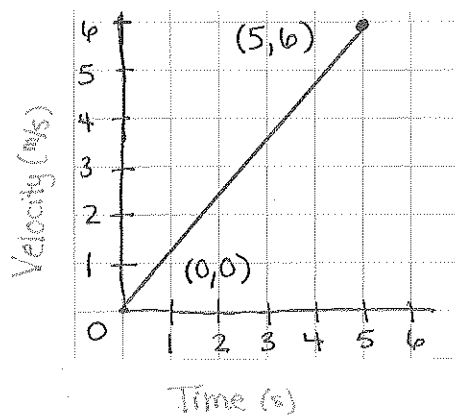


MOTION PRACTICE #2 ANSWER KEY

1. You ride your bike towards the north, starting from rest and constantly increasing your velocity to 6 m/s in 5 seconds.
- a. Sketch a **quantitative** v-t graph of your motion



- b. Calculate the **slope** of this graph

$$\text{slope} = m = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{(6 - 0) \text{ m/s}}{(5 - 0) \text{ s}}$$

$$m = 1.2 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{acceleration! units!!}$$

- c. Write the **linear equation** for this graph

$$y = mx + b$$

\uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow
 v 1.2 t 0

$$v = (1.2 \text{ m/s}^2) t$$

- d. Calculate what your **final velocity** would be if you continued this motion for a total time of 8 seconds.

$$v_2 = ? \quad a = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t} \quad \rightarrow \quad v_2 = v_1 + at$$

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ m/s} \quad = 0 \text{ m/s} + (1.2 \text{ m/s}^2)(8 \text{ s})$$

$$a = 1.2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = 8 \text{ s}$$

$$v_2 = 9.6 \text{ m/s}$$

- e. Use the equation $d_2 = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_1t + d_1$ to calculate your **displacement** after 8 seconds, assuming you started at the flagpole (origin).

$$d_2 = ?$$

$$a = 1.2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = 8 \text{ s}$$

$$d_1 = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$v_1 = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

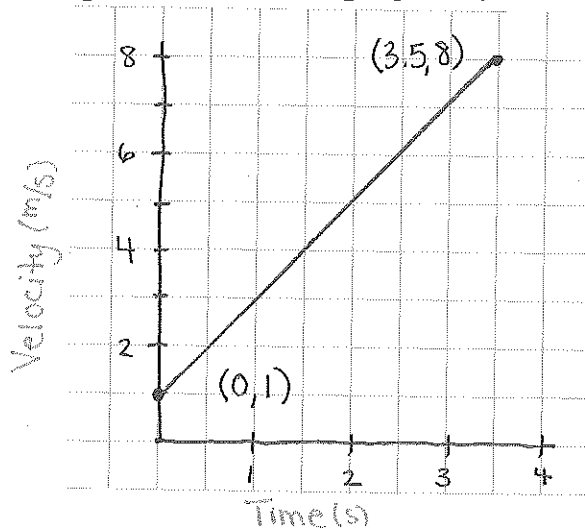
$$d_2 = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_1t + d_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1.2 \text{ m/s}^2)(8 \text{ s})^2$$

$$d_2 = 38 \text{ m} \quad \text{North of the pole}$$

2. You ride your bike to the north, increasing your velocity from 1 m/s to 8 m/s in 3.5 seconds:

a. Sketch a **quantitative** $v-t$ graph of your motion



b. Calculate the **slope** of this graph

$$m = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{8 \text{ m/s} - 1 \text{ m/s}}{3.5 \text{ s} - 0 \text{ s}}$$

$$m = 2.0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

c. Write the **linear equation** for this graph

$$y = mx + b$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $v \quad 2 \quad t \quad 1$

$$v = (2.0 \text{ m/s}^2)t + (1.0 \text{ m/s})$$

d. Calculate what your **final velocity** would be if you continued this motion for a total time of 6 seconds.

$$t = 6 \text{ s} \quad v_2 = (2 \text{ m/s}^2)t + 1 \text{ m/s} \quad \leftarrow \text{from 2c}$$

$$= (2 \text{ m/s}^2)(6 \text{ s}) + 1 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_2 = 13 \text{ m/s}$$

e. Use the equation given in #1e to calculate your **final displacement** after 9 seconds, assuming you started 5m south of the flagpole (*Hint: $d_1 = -5 \text{ m}$*). Where are you standing in relation to the flagpole?

$$d_2 = ?$$

$$a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = 9 \text{ s}$$

$$d_1 = -5 \text{ m}$$

$$v_1 = 1 \text{ m/s}$$

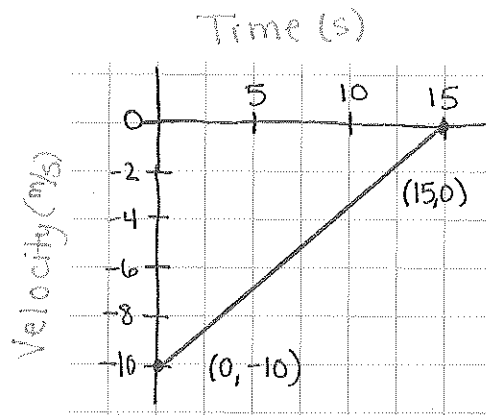
$$d_2 = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_1 t + d_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(2 \text{ m/s}^2)(9 \text{ s})^2 + (1 \text{ m/s})(9 \text{ s}) + (-5 \text{ m})$$

$$d_2 = 85 \text{ m NORTH of the pole}$$

positive!

3. You ride your bike to the south with an initial velocity of 10 m/s and decrease your speed constantly until you come to a stop after 15 seconds:
- Sketch a **quantitative** v - t graph of your motion



- Calculate the **slope** of this graph

$$m = \frac{v_2 - v_1}{t_2 - t_1} = \frac{0 \text{ m/s} - (-10 \text{ m/s})}{15 \text{ s} - 0 \text{ s}}$$

← South!

$$m = 0.67 \text{ m/s}^2$$

- Use the equation given in #1e to calculate your **final displacement** once you've come to a stop, assuming you started 50m north of the flagpole. Where are you standing in relation to the flagpole?

$$d_2 = ?$$

$$d_1 = 50 \text{ m}$$

$$v_i = -10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 15 \text{ s}$$

$$a = 0.67 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$d_2 = \frac{1}{2}at^2 + v_i t + d_1$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(0.67 \text{ m/s}^2)(15 \text{ s})^2 + (-10 \text{ m/s})(15 \text{ s}) + (50 \text{ m})$$

$$= 75.4 \text{ m} - 150 \text{ m} + 50 \text{ m}$$

$$d_2 = -25 \text{ m} \rightarrow 25 \text{ m SOUTH of the pole}$$